



Portable ultrasonic flowmeter for gas, steam and liquids

Portable instrument for non-invasive, quick ultrasonic flow measurement with clamp-on technology for all types of piping

Features

- Configurable as multifunctional measuring system:
- Flow measurement of gases, compressed air and saturated steam up to max. 180 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Flow and thermal energy measurement of liquids
- Precise bidirectional and highly dynamic flow measurement with the non-invasive clamp-on technology
- Automatic loading of calibration data and transducer detection for a fast and easy set-up (less than 5 min), providing precise and long-term stable results
- High precision at fast and slow flow rates, high temperature and zero point stability
- Portable, easy-to-use flow transmitter with 2 flow channels, multiple inputs/outputs, an integrated data logger with a serial interface
- Integrated wall thickness measurement with connectable wall thickness probe
- The transmitter is water and dust-tight (IP65), resistant against oil, many liquids and dirt
- Robust, water-tight (IP67) transport case with comprehensive accessories
- Li-lon battery provides up to 25 hours of measurement operation
- · User-friendly design
- QuickFix for a simple and fast transmitter fixation, e.g. on pipes
- Transducers available for a wide range of inner pipe diameters and fluid temperatures

Applications

Designed for industrial use in harsh environments, applicable in all areas such as maintenance, energy management, troubleshooting and verification of installed measuring systems. Example applications:

- Measurement on natural gas pipelines and in natural gas storage installations
- Data gathering in energy management and certifications according to ISO 50001
- Supervision and monitoring of compressed air and steam systems
- · Hydraulic balancing of cooling towers
- Measurement on natural gas pipelines and in natural gas storage installations
- · Measurement of synthesized gas and injection gas
- Measurement for the gas supply industry
- Supervision of permanently installed meters, service and maintenance



FLUXUS G601



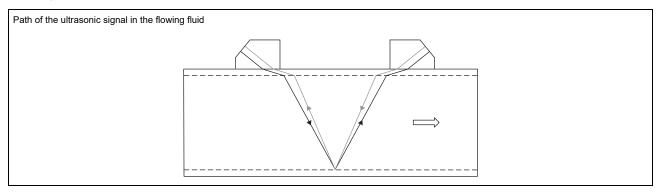
Measurement equipment in transport case

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Function

Measurement principle

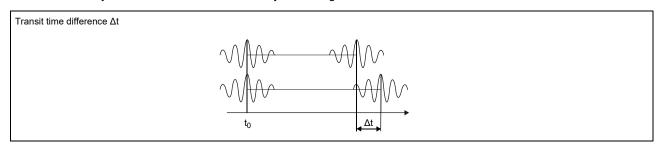
The transducers are mounted on the pipe which is completely filled with the fluid. The ultrasonic signals are emitted alternately by a transducer and received by the other. The physical quantities are determined from the transit times of the ultrasonic signals.



As the fluid where the ultrasound propagates is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signal in flow direction is shorter than the one against the flow direction.

The transit time difference Δt is measured and allows the flowmeter to determine the average flow velocity along the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area averaged flow velocity, which is proportional to the volumetric flow rate.

The integrated microprocessors control the entire measuring cycle. The received ultrasonic signals are checked for measurement usability and evaluated for their reliability. Noise signals are eliminated.



Calculation of volumetric flow rate

$$\dot{V} = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_a \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{2 \cdot t_{\gamma}}$$

where

V - volumetric flow rate

k_{Re} - fluid mechanics calibration factor

A - cross-sectional pipe area

ka - acoustical calibration factor

Δt - transit time difference

 $\mathsf{t}_{\mathsf{\gamma}}$ - average of transit times in the fluid

Calculation of mass flow rate

The mass flow rate is calculated from the operating density and the volumetric flow rate:

 $\dot{m} = \rho \cdot \dot{V}$

The operating density of the fluid is calculated as the function of pressure and temperature of the fluid:

 $\rho = f(p, T)$

where

ρ - operating density

p - fluid pressure

T - fluid temperature

m - mass flow rate

V - volumetric flow rate

Calculation of standard volumetric flow rate

The standard volumetric flow rate can be selected as physical quantity. It is calculated with the following formula:

$$\dot{V}_N = \dot{V} \cdot \frac{p}{p_N} \cdot \frac{T_N}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{K}$$

where

 \dot{V}_N - standard volumetric flow rate

V - operating volumetric flow rate

p_N - standard pressure (absolute value)

p - operating pressure (absolute value)

T_N - standard temperature in K

T - operating temperature in K

K compressibility coefficient of gas: ratio of the compressibility factors of the gas at operating conditions and at standard conditions Z/Z_N

The operational pressure p and the operational temperature T of the fluid will be entered directly as fixed values into the transmitter.

or:

4

If inputs are installed (optional), pressure and temperature can be measured by the customer and fed in the transmitter.

The gas compressibility coefficient K of the gas is entered in the transmitter:

- · as fixed value or
- as approximation, e.g. according to AGA8 or GERG

Number of sound paths

The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signal through the fluid in the pipe. Depending on the number of sound paths, the following methods of installation exist:

reflection arrangement

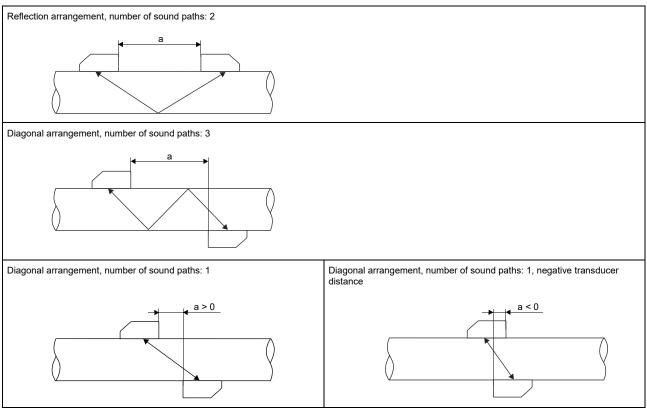
The number of sound paths is even. The transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe. Correct positioning of the transducers is easy.

· diagonal arrangement

The number of sound paths is odd. The transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe. In the case of a high signal attenuation by the fluid, pipe and coatings, diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path will be used.

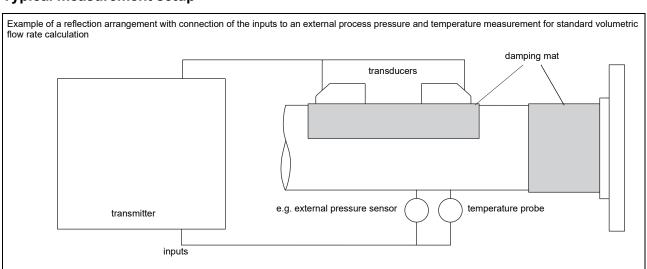
The preferred method of installation depends on the application. While increasing the number of sound paths increases the accuracy of the measurement, signal attenuation increases as well. The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the transmitter.

As the transducers can be mounted with the transducer mounting fixture in reflection arrangement or diagonal arrangement, the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally for the application.



a - transducer distance

Typical measurement setup



Transmitter

Technical data

		ELLIYUS GEO1 GEO1ST	FLUXUS G601ST (steam measurement ²)
		FLUXUS G601, G601ST	LUXUS GOVIST (Steam measurement)
design		portable	
measurement		l'	
measurement		transit time difference correlation principle	
principle			
flow velocity	m/s	0.0135, depending on pipe diameter	depending on pipe diameter and transducer, see diagrams
repeatability		0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s	
fluid		all acoustically conductive gases, e.g. nitrogen, air, oxygen, hydrogen, argon, helium, ethylene, propane	saturated steam, superheated steam
fluid pressure	bar (a)	see transducers	310
fluid temperature	°C	see transducers	135180
temperature com-		corresponding to the recommendations in ANSI/ASME MFC-5	
•	taint	v (volumetric flow rate)	
measurement uncer-		±0.3 % MV ±0.005 m/s	±0.3 % MV ±0.005 m/s
tainty of the measur- ing system ¹			
measurement uncer- tainty at the measur- ing point		±12 % MV ±0.005 m/s, depending on the application	±13 % MV ±0.005 m/s, depending on the application
transmitter			
power supply		100230 V/5060 Hz (power supply unit: IP40, 040 °C) 10.515 V DC (socket at transmitter) integrated battery	
integrated battery operating time	h	Li-lon, 7.2 V/6.2 Ah > > 14 (without outputs, inputs and backlight) ³ > > 25 (1 measuring channel, ambient temperature > 10 °C, w	ithout outputs, inputs and backlight) ³
	W	< 6 (with outputs, inputs and backlight), charging: 18	7 7 3 7
number of measuring		2	
channels damping	s	0100 (adjustable)	
measuring cycle	Hz	1001000 (1 channel)	
response time	s	1 (1 channel), option: 0.07	
housing material	ľ	PA, TPE, AutoTex, stainless steel	
degree of protection		IP65	
dimensions	mm	see dimensional drawing	
weight	kg	2.1	
fixation		QuickFix pipe mounting fixture	
ambient temperature	°C	-10+60	
display		2 x 16 characters, dot matrix, backlight	
menu language		English, German, French, Dutch, Spanish	
measuring functions physical quantities	s	operating volumetric flow rate, standard volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity	operating volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity
totaliser	1	volume, mass	
calculation functions	l	average, difference, sum	
diagnostic functions	İ	sound speed, signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviation	on of amplitudes and transit times
communication inte	rface		•
service interfaces		RS232 USB (with adapter)	
process interfaces		Modbus RTU (optional)	
accessories	1	(-[/	
data transmission kit			
• cable		RS232	
 adapter 		RS232 - USB	
software		 FluxDiagReader: reading of measured values and parameter 	rs, graphical presentation
		FluxDiag (optional): reading of measurement data, graphical	presentation, report generation
adapter		AO5, AO6, AO7, AO8, AI1, AI2	
transport case		dimensions: 500 x 400 x 190 mm	
4	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F601V*-*.

 $^{^2}$ test measurement to validate the application required in advance, especially for pipe diameters < 100 mm

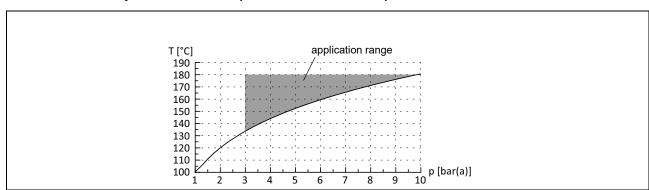
 $^{^{3}}$ operating time extension using the power pack PP0026NN (optional, order code: ACC-PO-#601-/B6)

		ELLIVIO CCCA CCCACT	EL LIVIUS 00040T (-4					
		FLUXUS G601, G601ST	FLUXUS G601ST (steam measurement ²)					
data logger								
loggable values		all physical quantities, totalised physical quantities and diagnost	ic values					
capacity	> 100 000 measured values							
outputs								
		The outputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.						
number		see standard scope of supply, max. on request						
 switchable current 								
		All switchable current outputs are jointly switched to active or pa	ssive.					
range	mΑ	420 (3.224)						
accuracy		0.04 % MV ±3 μA						
active output		$U_{int} = 24 \text{ V}, R_{ext} < 500 \Omega$						
passive output		U_{ext} = 830 V, depending on R_{ext} (R_{ext} < 900 Ω at 30 V)						
 frequency output 								
range	kHz	05	-					
open collector		24 V/4 mA	-					
 binary output 								
optorelay		26 V/100 mA						
binary output as alarr	n outp	out						
 functions 		limit, change of flow direction or error						
binary output as pulse	outp	ut						
 functions 		mainly for totalising						
 pulse value 	units	0.011000						
 pulse width 	ms	11000						
inputs								
		The inputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.						
number		see standard scope of supply, max. 4						
 temperature input 								
type		Pt100/Pt1000						
connection	İ	4-wire						
range	°C	-150+560						
resolution	K	0.01						
accuracy	İ	±0.01 % MV ±0.03 K						
current input								
accuracy		0.1 % MV ±10 μA						
passive input		$R_{int} = 50 \Omega$, $P_{int} < 0.3 W$						
• range								
voltage input								
range	V	01	-					
accuracy	ĺ	0.1 % MV ±1 mV	-					
internal resistance		$R_{int} = 1 M\Omega$	-					
	•	6 H	1					

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F601V*-*.

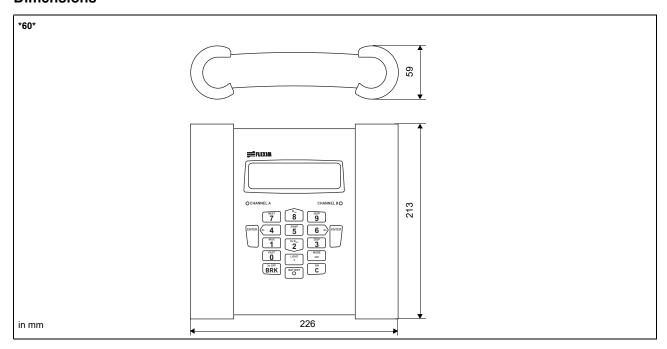
Saturated steam pressure curve (steam measurement)



 $^{^{2}}$ test measurement to validate the application required in advance, especially for pipe diameters < 100 mm

 $^{^{3}}$ operating time extension using the power pack PP0026NN (optional, order code: ACC-PO-#601-/B6)

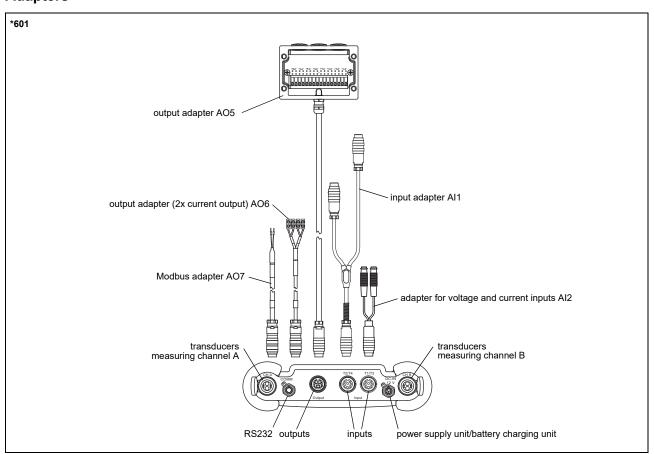
Dimensions



Standard scope of supply

	G601 Basic	G601 CA-Energy	G601ST Steam					
application	flow measurement of gas and liquids							
	2 independent measuring channels							
	calculation of standard	calculation of standard v						
	volumetric flow rate	optional use of current m	easured pressure and					
		temperature values						
		liquids: integrated therma						
		monitoring of energy flow						
			calculation of mass flow					
			rate according to saturat-					
			ed steam pressure curve					
outputs								
switchable current output	2	2	2					
inputs								
temperature input	-	2	2					
passive current input	-	2	2					
accessories								
transport case	х	х	x					
power supply unit, mains	x	х	x					
cable								
battery	x	x	x					
adapter	AO6	AO6, AI1, AI2	AO6, AI1, AI2					
QuickFix pipe mounting	x	x	x					
fixture for transmitter								
data transmission kit	x	x	x					
measuring tape	X	x	x					
operating instruction, Quick start guide	х	х	х					

Adapters



Example of transport case equipment

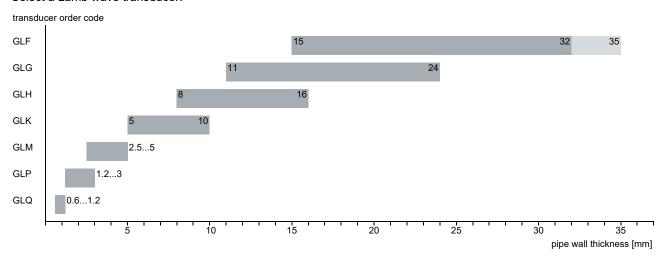


Transducers

Transducer selection (gas measurement)

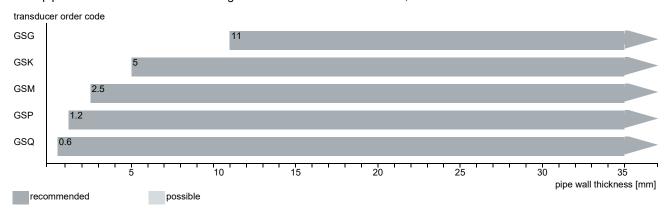
Step 1a

Select a Lamb wave transducer:



Step 1b

If the pipe wall thickness is not in the range of the Lamb wave transducers, select a shear wave transducer:

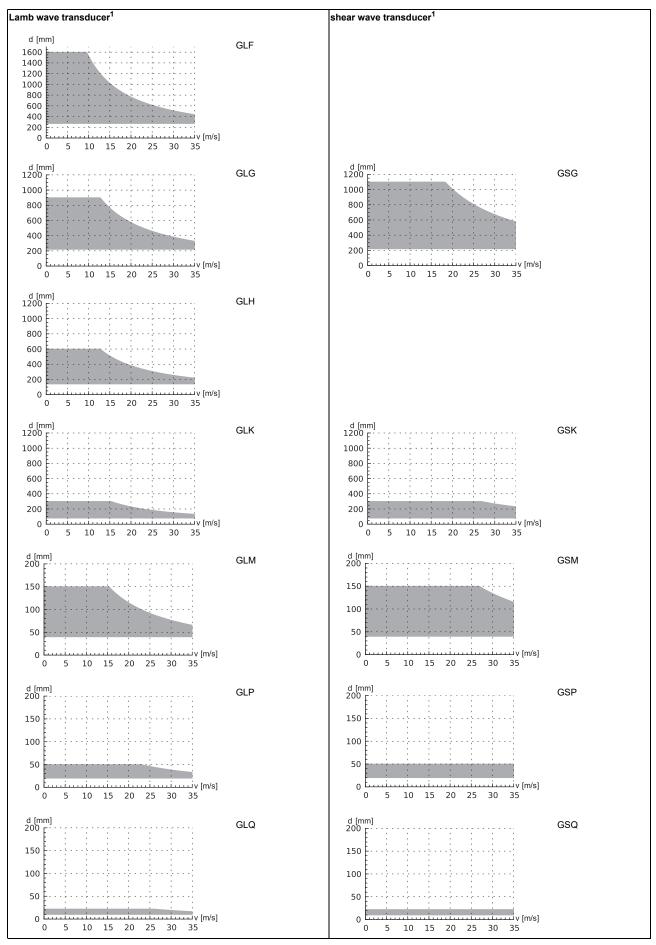


Step 2

inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe

The transducers are selected from the characteristics (see next page). Lamb wave transducers are selected from the left column, shear wave transducers from the right column.

Lamb wave transducers: If the values d and v are not in the range, the diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path may be used, i.e. the same characteristics can be used with doubling the inner pipe diameter. If the values are still not in the range, shear waves transducers regarding the pipe wall thickness have to be selected in step 1b.



¹ inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a typical application with natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen in reflection arrangement with 2 sound paths (Lamb wave transducers)/1 sound path (shear wave transducers)

Step 3

min. fluid pressure

Lamb wave transducer							
transducer	fluid pressure ¹ [ba	r]					
order code	metal pipe		plastic pipe				
	min. min. extended		min.				
GLF	15	10	1				
GLG	15	10	1				
GLH	15	10	1				
GLK	15 (d > 120 mm) 10 (d < 120 mm)	10 (d > 120 mm) 3 (d < 120 mm)	1				
GLM	10 (d > 60 mm) 5 (d < 60 mm)	3 (d < 60 mm)	1				
GLP	10 (d > 35 mm) 5 (d < 35 mm)	3 (d < 35 mm)	1				
GLQ	10 (d > 15 mm) 5 (d < 15 mm)	3 (d < 15 mm)	1				

shear wave transducer										
transducer	fluid pressure	fluid pressure [bar]								
order code	metal pipe		plastic pipe							
	min.	min. extended	min.							
GSG	30	20	1							
GSK	30	20	1							
GSM	30	20	1							
GSP	30	20	1							
GSQ	30	20	1							

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

Example

step					
1	pipe wall thickness	mm	14.3	8.6	38
	selected transducer		GLG or GLH	GLH or GLK	GS
2	inner pipe diameter	mm	581	96.8	143
	max. flow velocity	m/s	15	30	30
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK
3	min. fluid pressure	bar	20	15	40
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK

Step 4

for the characters 4...11 of the transducer order code (ambient temperature, explosion protection, connection system, extension cable) see page 15

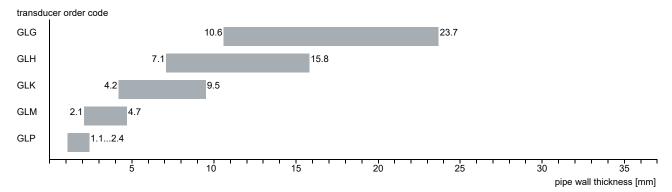
Step 5

for the technical data of the selected transducer see page 16 et seqq.

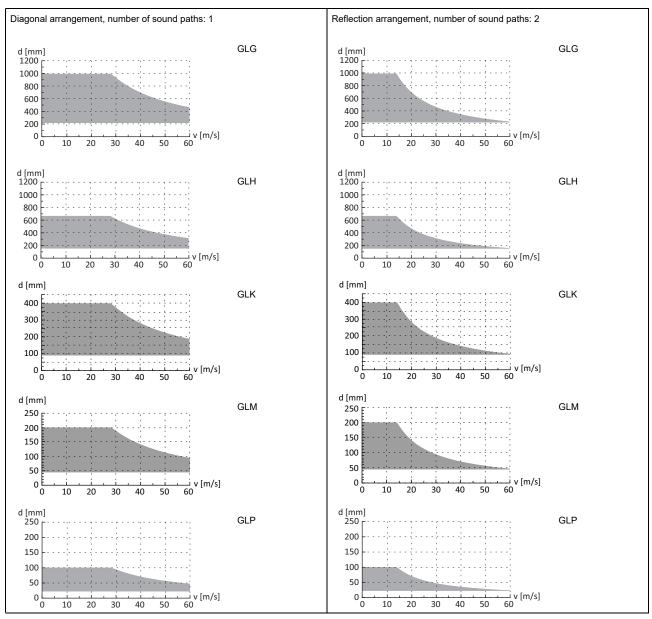
d - inner pipe diameter

Transducer selection (G**1S*3, steam measurement)

Step 1 pipe wall thickness



Step 2 inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe



inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a steam application

Transducer order code

1, 2	3	4	57	8, 9	10, 11		1214	no. of character		
ග transducer	transducer frequency	ambient temperature	explosion protection	- certification	connection system	-	cable length	description		
								set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, shear wave		
GL								set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, Lamb wave		
	F							0.15 MHz		
	G							0.2 MHz		
	Н							0.3 MHz		
	K							0.5 MHz		
	M							1 MHz		
	Р							2 MHz		
	Q							4 MHz		
		N						normal temperature range		
		E						extended temperature range		
		S						higher temperatures		
			NNN					not explosion-proof		
				**						
					NL			with Lemo connector		
							***	in m		

Technical data

Shear wave transducers (nonEx, NL)

order code		GSG-NNNN-**NL	GSK-NNNN-**NL	GSM-NNNN-**NL	GSP-NNNN-**NL	GSQ-NNNN-**NL
technical type		G(DL)G1NZ7	G(DL)K1NZ7	G(DL)M1NZ7	G(DL)P1NZ7	G(DL)Q1NZ7
transducer frequency	MHz	0.2	0.5	1	2	4
fluid pressure ¹				•		•
min. extended	bar	metal pipe: 20				
min.	bar	metal pipe: 30, plas	stic pipe: 1			
inner pipe diameter	d ²					
min. extended	mm	180	60	30	15	7
min. recommended	mm	220	80	40	20	10
max. recommended	mm	900	300	150	50	22
max. extended	mm	1100	360	180	60	30
pipe wall thickness			1	1	1	1
min.	mm	11	5	2.5	1.2	0.6
material			II.	1		1
housing		PEEK with stainles (1.4301)	s steel cover 304	stainless steel 304	(1.4301)	
contact surface		PEEK		PEEK		
degree of protection		IP66		IP66		
transducer cable						
type		1699				
length	m	5		4		3
dimensions				•		•
length I	mm	129.5	126.5	60		42.5
width b	mm	51	51	30		18
height h	mm	67	67.5	33.5		21.5
dimensional drawing		Q d				
weight (without cable)	kg	0.47	0.36	0.035		0.011
pipe surface temperature	°C	-40+130				
ambient temperature	°C	-40+130				
temperature compensation		х				

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

shear wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflection arrangement and for a flow velocity of 15 m/s

Shear wave transducers (nonEx, NL, extended temperature range)

	CCM ENNIN **NII	CCD ENNIN **NII	CCO ENININI **NII				
			GSQ-ENNN-**NL				
			G(DL)Q1EZ7				
MHZ	1	2	4				
nin. bar metal pipe: 30, plastic pipe: 1 nner pipe diameter d ²							
d²							
mm		-	7				
	-		10				
mm		50	22				
mm	180	60	30				
mm	2.5	1.2	0.6				
	stainless steel 304	(1.4301)					
	Sintimid						
	IP66						
	•						
	1699						
m	4		3				
mm	60		42.5				
mm	30		18				
mm	33.5		21.5				
İ							
kg	0.042		0.011				
°C	-30+200						
°C	-30+200						
	х						
	bar bar d² mm mm mm mm mm mm	bar metal pipe: 30, pla: d² mm 30 mm 40 mm 150 mm 180 mm 2.5 stainless steel 304 Sintimid IP66 1699 m 4 mm 60 mm 30 mm 33.5 kg 0.042 °C -30+200	G(DL)M1EZ7 MHz 1 bar metal pipe: 20 metal pipe: 30, plastic pipe: 1 d² mm 40 20 mm 150 50 mm 180 60 60 mm 2.5 1.2 stainless steel 304 (1.4301) Sintimid lP66 l699 m 4 4 4 4 4				

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² shear wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflection arrangement and for a flow velocity of 15 m/s

Lamb wave transducers

Lamb wave transducers (nonEx, NL)

order code		GLF-NNNN-**NL	GLG-NNNN**NL	GLH-NNNN-**NL	GLK-NNNN-**NL	GLM-NNNN-**NL	GLP-NNNN-**NL	GLQ-NNNN-**NL
technical type		G(RT)F1NC3	G(RT)G1NC3	G(RT)H1NC3	G(RT)K1NC3	G(RT)M1NC3	G(RT)P1NC3	G(RT)Q1NC3
transducer frequency	MHz	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4
fluid pressure		ı	I .	1	· L	I .	l.	I.
min. extended	bar	metal pipe: 10			metal pipe: 10 (d > 120 mm) 3 (d < 120 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 60 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 35 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 15 mm)
min.	bar	metal pipe: 15 plastic pipe: 1			metal pipe: 15 (d > 120 mm) 10 (d < 120 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 60 mm) 5 (d < 60 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 35 mm) 5 (d < 35 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 15 mm) 5 (d < 15 mm) plastic pipe: 1
inner pipe diameter	d ²					1		
min. extended	mm	220	180	110	60	30	15	7
min. recommended	mm	270	220	140	80	40	20	10
max. recommended	mm	1200	900	600	300	150	50	22
max. extended	mm	1600	1400	1000	360	180	60	30
pipe wall thickness		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
min.	mm	15	11	8	5	2.5	1.2	0.6
max.	mm	32	24	16	10	5	3	1.2
max. extended		35	j-	ļ-	-	j-	-	-
material		1	1	I	L	1	ı	L
contact surface		stainless steel cover 316Ti (1.4571) IPPSU						
degree of protection		IP66/IP67	IP66					
transducer cable			00					
type	1	1699						
length	m	5				4		3
dimensions	J	<u> </u>				1		
length I	mm	163	128.5			74		42
width b	mm	54	51			32		22
height h		91.3	67.5			40.5		25.5
dimensional drawing				<u> </u>				
weight (without cable)	kg	0.935	0.471			0.077		0.019
pipe surface temperature	°C	-40+130						
ambient temperature	°C	-40+130	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
temperature compensation		х	_	l acc nitroacn co	-	_	-	_

¹ depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² Lamb wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended: in reflection arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 15 m/s (30 m/s) inner pipe diameter max. extended: in reflection arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 12 m/s (25 m/s)

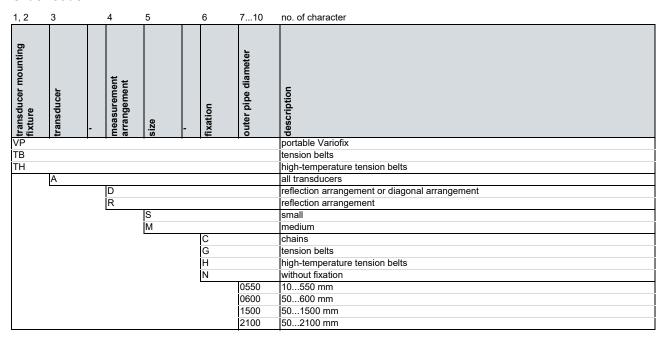
Lamb wave transducers (nonEx, steam measurement, NL)

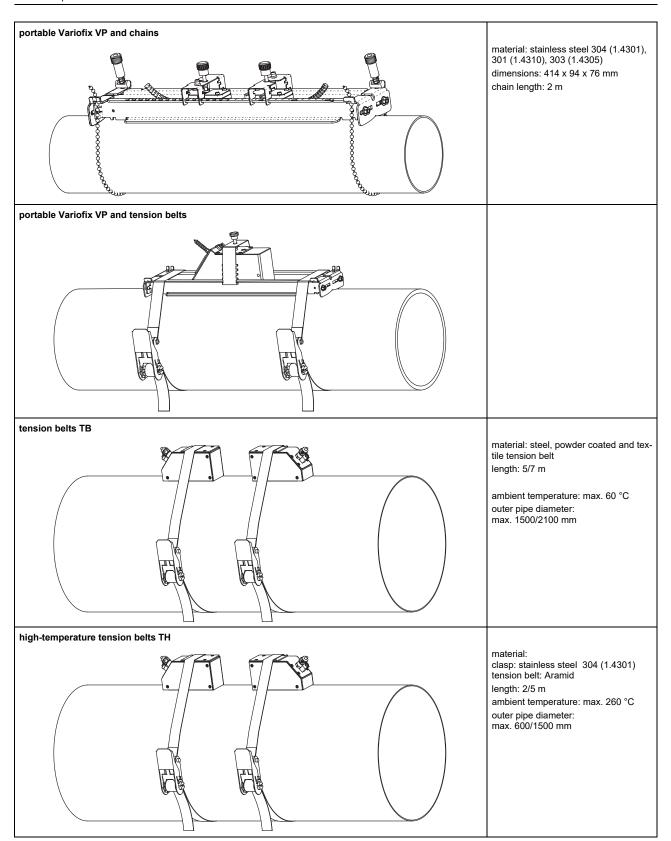
order code		GLG-SNNN-**NL	GLH-SNNN-**NL	GLK-SNNN-**NL	GLM-SNNN-**NL	GLP-SNNN-**NL					
technical type		G(RT)G1SC3	G(RT)H1SC3	G(RT)K1SC3	G(RT)M1SC3	G(RT)P1SC3					
transducer frequency	MHz	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2					
fluid pressure	see saturated steam pressure curve										
inner pipe diameter d											
min.	mm	225	150	90	45	23					
max.	mm	1000	667	400	200	100					
pipe wall thickness											
min.	mm	10.6	7.1	4.2	2.1	1.1					
max.	mm	23.7	15.8	9.5	4.7	2.4					
material											
housing		PPSU with stainle	ss steel cover 31	6Ti (1.4571)							
contact surface	ĺ	PPSU									
degree of protection		IP66									
transducer cable											
type		1699									
length	m	5			4						
length (***-****/LC)	m	9			9						
dimensions											
length I	mm	128.5			74						
width b	mm	51			32						
height h	mm	67.5			40.5						
dimensional drawing											
weight (without cable)	Ŭ	0.8	0.16								
storing temperature	°C	-40+180									
operating temperature	°C	100180									
warm-up time	h	3			1						
temperature compensation		х									

completely thermically insulated transducer installation necessary

Transducer mounting fixture

Order code





Coupling materials for transducers

normal temperature ran (4th character of transd		extended temperature ra (4th character of transd		higher temperatures (4th character of transducer order code = S)		
< 100 °C	< 170 °C	< 150 °C	< 200 °C	< 180 °C		
coupling compound type N				coupling compound type E ¹ and coupling foil type VT		

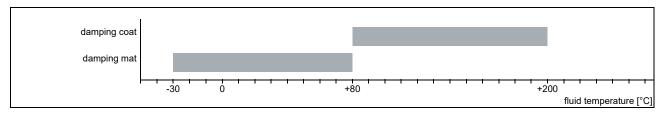
¹ in combination with type VT only

Technical data

type	ambient temperature
	°C
coupling compound type N	-30+130
coupling compound type E	-30+200
coupling compound type H	-30+250
coupling foil type VT	-10+200

Damping material (optional)

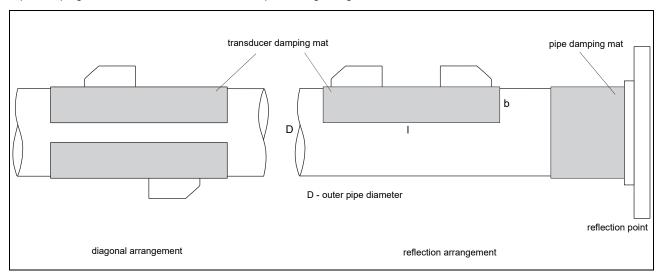
Damping material will be used for the gas measurement to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.



Damping mats

Transducer damping mats will be installed below the transducers.

Pipe damping mats will be installed at reflection points, e.g. flange, weld.



Selection of damping mats

type			dimensions I x b x h								technical type	ambient temperature	remark
		mm	mm	F	G	Н	K	M	Р	Q		°C	
transo	lucer damping mat												
		< 80	450 x 115 x 0.5	-	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х	D20S3	-25+60	
	ple use), fixed with coupling	≥ 80	900 x 230 x 0.5	-	-	-	Х	Х	-	-	D20S2	1	
	compound		900 x 230 x 1.3	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	D50S2		
pipe d	amping mat												
	for temporary installation (multi- ple use), fixed with coupling compound	< 300	300 x 115 x 0.5	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	A20S4		for quantity see ta- ble below
В	self-adhesive	≥ 300	l x 100 x 0.9	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	-	B35R2	-35+50	I - see table below

Quantity for pipe damping mat - type A

(depending on outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency					
	F, G, H	K, M, P, Q				
100	12	6				
200	24	12				
300	32	16				

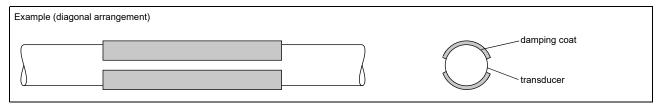
Length of pipe damping mat - type B

(length I depending on transducer frequency and outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency			
	F, G, H	K, M, P		
mm	m	m		
300	12	6		
500	32	16		
1000	126	63		

Damping coat

For high temperatures it is recommended to apply the damping coat onto the pipe. In case of steam measurement it is mandatory.



Technical data

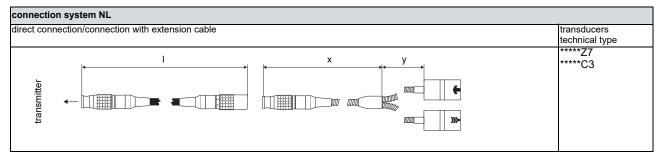
item number		992080-13
material		multipolymeric matrix/inorganic ceramic coating
packing drum	I	1
properties		heat resistant, inert
fluid temperature when applying	°C	10200
drying time (example)		approx. 3 h at 20 °C approx. 15 min at 150 °C
temperature resis- tance in dry state	°C	max. 650
durability of the packing drum (unopened)		2 years

Observe installation instructions (TI_DampingCoat).

Dimensioning

transducer	number of packing drums								
frequency	outer pipe dia	outer pipe diameter							
	≤300	≤500	≤700						
	mm	•							
F	3	4	5						
G	2	3	4						
Н	2	2	3						
K	2	2	-						
M	2	-	-						
Р	1	-	-						
Q	1	-	-						

Connection systems



Cable

transducer cable							
type		1699					
weight	kg/ m	0.094					
ambient temperature	°C	-55+200					
cable jacket							
material		PTFE					
outer diameter	mm	2.9					
thickness	mm	0.3					
colour	ĺ	brown					
shield	ĺ	x					
sheath							
material		stainless steel 304 (1.4301)					
outer diameter	mm	8					

extension cable						
type		1750	2551			
standard length	m	5 10	-			
max. length	m	10	see table below			
weight	kg/ m	0.12	0.083			
ambient temperature	°C	< 80	-25+80			
cable jacket						
material		PE	TPE-O			
outer diameter	mm	6	8			
thickness	mm	0.5				
colour		black	black			
shield		x	х			
sheath						
material		stainless steel 304 (1.4301)	-			
outer diameter	mm	9	-			
remark		optional				

Cable length

transducer frequency		F, G, H, K			M, P			Q			S		
connection system	ction system NL												
transducers technical type		х	У		х	У		х	У		х	У	
*R***C3 ¹	m	2	3	≤ 25	2	2	≤ 25	2	1	≤ 25	1	1	≤ 20
*L***Z7 ¹ *T***C3 ¹	m	2	7	≤ 25	7	2	≤ 25	8	1	≤ 25	-	-	-

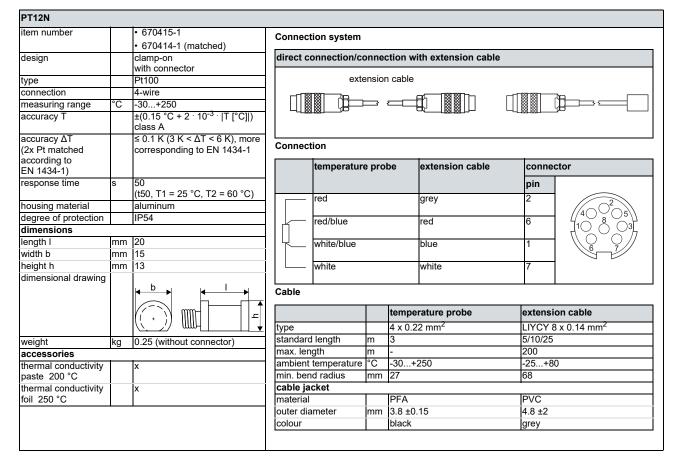
¹ I > 25...100 m on request

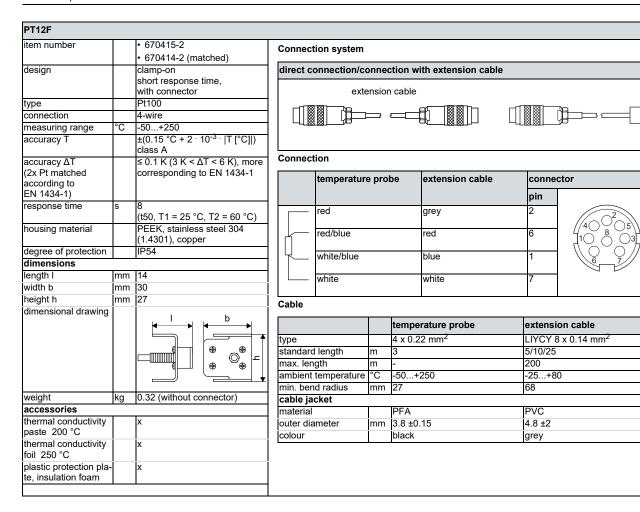
x, y - transducer cable length

I - max. length of extension cable

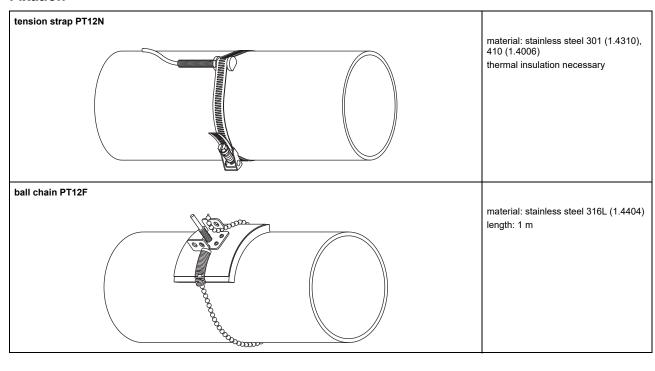
Clamp-on temperature probe (optional)

Technical data





Fixation



Wall thickness measurement (optional)

The pipe wall thickness is an important pipe parameter which has to be determined exactly for a good measurement. However, the pipe wall thickness often is unknown.

The wall thickness probe can be connected to the transmitter instead of the flow transducers and the wall thickness measurement mode is activated automatically.

Acoustic coupling compound is applied to the wall thickness probe which then is placed firmly on the pipe. The wall thickness is displayed and can be stored directly in the transmitter.

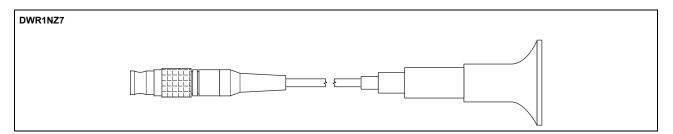
Technical data

		DWR1NZ7
item number		600522-0
measuring range ¹	mm	1250
resolution	mm	0.01
accuracy		1 % ±0.1 mm
fluid temperature	°C	-20+200, short-time peak max. 500
cable		
type		2616
length	m	1.5

¹ The measuring range depends on the attenuation of the ultrasonic signal in the pipe. For strongly attenuating plastics (e.g. PFA, PTFE, PP) the measuring range is smaller.

Cable

		2616
ambient temperature	°C	<200
cable jacket		
material		FEP
outer diameter	mm	5.1
colour	ĺ	black
shield		x





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